# What You Need to Know about North Carolina's Anti-Trans Law

House Bill 2 was passed and signed on March 23, 2016. This was the first time that a bill mandating anti-transgender discrimination became law. This was a huge setback for the trans community, and you have every right to feel angry, afraid or let down. We're not going to stop fighting until this law is off the books. But until we win, here are some things you should know to help you protect your rights or those of your trans loved ones.

#### What this law does

#### HB 2 says that:

- 1. People need to use restrooms and locker rooms according to the sex on their birth certificates in public schools and colleges and other public buildings. That includes public hospitals, clinics, and shelters, as well as government offices, libraries, parks and airports.
- 2. People can't sue in court if they face discrimination in employment or public accommodations (including discrimination based on race, national origin, sex), and instead need to file administrative complaints.
- 3. City councils can't pass laws protecting people from discrimination in public accommodations, like stores, hotels and restaurants.
- 4. City councils can't pass laws about wages, employee benefits and the treatment of minors in the workplace.

#### What this law does not do

- 1. It does not say private businesses have to discriminate against trans people or kick them out of the right restrooms. The state law leaves it up to businesses to decide whether they'll let trans people use the right restrooms.
- 2. It does not require employers to discriminate against trans people. Private employers can still prohibit discrimination against trans people in every respect, including by giving them access to the right restrooms. If you work at a public school or college, government building, or another public building, your employer won't be able to let you use a restroom that doesn't match your birth certificate, but the state law doesn't require them to discriminate against you in any other way.
- 3. It does not make it a crime to use restrooms and locker rooms matching your gender identity. But it's possible that police may misinterpret the law and arrest trans people for using the right restrooms. And you can still be arrested for trespassing if you refuse to leave a building after the owner tells you to (even if they're only kicking you out because you're trans).

4. It doesn't prevent schools from protecting trans students from discrimination when it comes to anything other than restroom use. Schools can still prohibit harassment against trans students, require teachers and staff to use the right name and pronouns for them, and make sure their private information is kept confidential.

## Your rights under federal law

Forcing trans people into the wrong restroom violates federal law--and federal law trumps state law when they're in conflict. Federal nondiscrimination law requires employers, schools, health care providers, and many public and private institutions to treat people according to their gender identity, including by giving them access to restrooms and changing rooms based on who they are. The federal government will still enforce federal law against anyone that violates it, and many places will still let you use the right restrooms in spite of the North Carolina law so that they don't break federal law.

Here's how you can use federal law to defend your right to use the restroom that matches your gender:

TYPE OF FACILITY	WHAT TO DO
Public schools and universities	File a Title IX complaint with the Department of Education if your school or college doesn't let you use the right restroom. Check out NCTE's Know Your Rights in Schools Resource and Youth and Parent Fact Sheet for more information.
Workplaces	File a Title VII complaint with the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission if your employer won't let you use the right restroom or otherwise discriminates against you. Check out NCTE's Employment Know Your Rights Resource for more information.
Hospitals and clinics	The Affordable Care Act requires most hospitals, clinics, and other health facilities and programs to treat people according to their gender identity, including for restroom use. File a complaint with the Office for Civil Rights of the Department of Health and Human Services if you face discrimination.
Housing	File a complaint with the Department of Housing and Urban Development if a landlord, property seller or broker discriminates against you.

Domestic violence shelters Victim service programs Police and sheriff departments Courts	Discrimination against trans people in domestic violence shelters and many other is prohibited by the Violence Against Women Act, the Victims of Crime Act, and other US Justice Department grant programs. File a complaint with the Department of Justice if a domestic violence shelter or other program doesn't give you access to facilities that match your gender.
Homeless shelters	File a complaint with the Department of Housing and Urban Development if a homeless shelter or other housing program discriminates against you. Check out NCTE's Housing and Homelessness Know Your Rights Resource for more information.
American Job Centers Other job training programs	<u>File a complaint with the Department of Labor</u> if you face discrimination in any job training programs or centers.
Highway rest stops	File a complaint with the Department of Transportation if you face discrimination at a highway rest stop.

## Using restrooms that match your gender

In practice, many trans people will be able to continue to use the restrooms that match their gender. After all, few schools or government buildings have the time and resources to check each person's birth certificate before they use the restroom or monitor anyone who "looks" trans. But this law does make it more likely that trans people or people who look gender nonconforming will get stopped or harassed in restrooms.

If you continue to use restrooms that match your gender and face negative consequences, reach out to the <u>ACLU of North Carolina</u> for help. The new law doesn't say how it would be enforced or what would happen to people who use a restroom that doesn't match their birth certificate, but it's possible that some schools or public buildings will ask you to leave, discipline you (in a school), or even treat it as a criminal offense like trespassing and call the police. It is possible, though unlikely, that you could be arrested. While the ACLU of North Carolina and other groups may be able to help you if you get disciplined or arrested, these things can have some long-term repercussions that you should be aware of. You can find out more information about the risks of getting arrested as a trans person and the step you can take to prepare yourself <a href="here">here</a>.

## Changing your birth certificate

The new state law requires schools and public buildings to segregate restrooms according to the sex on people's birth certificate. That means that under this law trans people who update the gender on their birth certificates can use the right restrooms. No one should have to carry documentation around just to use the restroom, but some trans people might feel more comfortable if they change the gender on their birth certificate.

Take a look at NCTE's <u>ID Documents Center</u> to learn about how to update the gender marker on your birth certificate in any U.S. state or territory. If your birth certificate was issued in North Carolina, you'll need a letter from a doctor saying that you'd have "sex reassignment surgery." The statute doesn't say what sex reassignment surgery means, and it doesn't require your doctor to specify what kind of surgery you've had. <u>Contact NCTE</u> if you have any questions about changing your birth certificate.

### What to tell public facilities, schools and businesses

- If a private business, like a restaurant or store, tries to bar you from using the right restroom, make sure that they're aware that the new law does not apply to private businesses. However, under the state law, you don't have the protected right to be in a restroom in a private business, and businesses are allowed to kick you out if they think that you shouldn't be there. Most businesses are not covered under federal law either.
- Take a look at our <u>Youth and Parent Fact Sheet</u> for more information about how to speak with your school.
- NCTE has sent out over 700 letters to schools, colleges, and other public facilities
  explaining why they should continue to follow federal laws protecting trans
  people, available [HERE-HYPERLINK]. You can print out the letters and show them
  if someone discriminates against you or wants more information about what could
  happen if they violate federal law.

#### What we're doing

- We're working with federal agencies and other advocacy groups to challenge the law.
- We're training trans people and their loved ones to speak to the media and educate the public about the harms of this law. <u>Contact us</u> if you're interested in sharing your story with the media or want help writing an op-ed.
- We're mobilizing people in North Carolina to contact their legislators and governor, go to rallies and demand that the law be repealed. And we're organizing people from all over the country to put pressure on North Carolina's government and hold it accountable.
- We're working with businesses in North Carolina and around the country to take a stand against the law and take action to challenge it.

## What you can do

- Sign this petition to tell North Carolina legislators and the governor to repeal House Bill 2.
- Send op-eds and letter to the editors to your local newspaper. <u>Contact us</u> if you'd like any help writing or placing an op-ed.
- Reach out to people in your life for support. Remember that it's totally normal to feel upset, afraid or depressed because of this law. Make taking care of yourself or connecting with your loved ones a priority.
- Contact the <u>ACLU of North Carolina</u> or the <u>Transgender Law Center</u> if you are denied access to restrooms or harassed or disciplined for using a restroom.
- If you have additional questions, email manafi@transequality.org.